CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SENATE BILL 5540

Chapter 280, Laws of 2009

61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

HIGH CAPACITY TRANSPORTATION CORRIDOR AREAS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/26/09

Passed by the Senate April 20, 2009 CERTIFICATE YEAS 29 NAYS 19 I, Thomas Hoemann, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SENATE BILL 5540** as passed by the Senate and the BRAD OWEN President of the Senate House of Representatives on the Passed by the House April 17, 2009 YEAS 52 NAYS 45 dates hereon set forth. THOMAS HOEMANN FRANK CHOPP Secretary Speaker of the House of Representatives Approved April 29, 2009, 10:41 a.m. FILED April 29, 2009

> Secretary of State State of Washington

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

SENATE BILL 5540

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2009 Regular Session

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

By Senators Pridemore, Hargrove, Marr, Shin, and Haugen
Read first time 01/26/09. Referred to Committee on Transportation.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to high capacity transportation service; amending
- 2 RCW 81.104.015, 81.104.150, 81.104.160, 81.104.170, 81.104.180, and
- 3 81.104.190; and adding new sections to chapter 81.104 RCW.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 81.104.015 and 1999 c 202 s 9 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
 - Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
 - (1) "High capacity transportation corridor area" means a quasi-municipal corporation and independent taxing authority within the meaning of Article VII, section 1 of the state Constitution, and a taxing district within the meaning of Article VII, section 2 of the state Constitution, created by a transit agency governing body.
 - (2) "High capacity transportation system" means a system of public transportation services within an urbanized region operating principally on exclusive rights-of-way, and the supporting services and facilities necessary to implement such a system, including interim express services and high occupancy vehicle lanes, which taken as a

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whole, provides a substantially higher level of passenger capacity, speed, and service frequency than traditional public transportation systems operating principally in general purpose roadways.

 $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$ (3) "Rail fixed guideway system" means a light, heavy, or rapid rail system, monorail, inclined plane, funicular, trolley, or other fixed rail guideway component of a high capacity transportation system that is not regulated by the Federal Railroad Administration, or its successor. "Rail fixed guideway system" does not mean elevators, moving sidewalks or stairs, and vehicles suspended from aerial cables, unless they are an integral component of a station served by a rail fixed guideway system.

 $((\frac{3}{3}))$ $(\frac{4}{3})$ "Regional transit system" means a high capacity transportation system under the jurisdiction of one or more transit agencies except where a regional transit authority created under chapter 81.112 RCW exists, in which case "regional transit system" means the high capacity transportation system under the jurisdiction of a regional transit authority.

 $((\frac{4}{1}))$ (5) "Transit agency" means city-owned transit systems, county transportation authorities, metropolitan municipal corporations, and public transportation benefit areas.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 81.104 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A governing body of a transit agency in a county that has a population of more than four hundred thousand and that adjoins a state boundary may establish one or more high capacity transportation corridor areas within all or a portion of the boundaries of the transit agency establishing the high capacity transportation corridor area. A high capacity transportation corridor area may include all or a portion of a city or town as long as all or a portion of the city or town boundaries are within the boundaries of the establishing transit agency. The members of the transit agency governing body proposing to establish the high capacity transportation corridor area, acting ex officio and independently, shall constitute the governing body of the high capacity transportation corridor area.
- (2) A high capacity transportation corridor area may establish, finance, and provide a high capacity transportation system within its

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boundaries in the same manner as authorized for transit agencies under this chapter, subject to the following restrictions:

- (a) Any combined tax rates imposed under this chapter within the boundaries of the transit agency establishing a high capacity transportation corridor area or areas may not exceed the maximum rates authorized under RCW 81.104.150, 81.104.160, and 81.104.170;
- (b) If a majority of the voters within the boundaries of a high capacity transportation corridor area approve a proposition imposing any high capacity transportation taxes, the governing body of the high capacity transportation corridor area may not seek subsequent voter approval of any additional high capacity transportation taxes, notwithstanding any remaining authorized taxing capacity; and
- (c) The governing body of a high capacity transportation corridor area may not submit any authorizing proposition for voter-approved taxes prior to July 1, 2012.
- (3) A high capacity transportation corridor area constitutes a body corporate and possesses all the usual powers of a corporation for public purposes as well as all other powers that may be conferred by statute including, but not limited to, the authority to hire employees, staff, and services, to enter into contracts, to acquire, hold, and dispose of real and personal property, and to sue and be sued. Public works contract limits applicable to the transit agency that established the high capacity transportation corridor area apply to the area.
- (4) A high capacity transportation corridor area may exercise the power of eminent domain to obtain property for its authorized purposes in the same manner as authorized for the transit agency that established the area.
- (5) A high capacity transportation corridor area may be dissolved by a majority vote of the governing body when all obligations under any general obligation bonds issued by the high capacity transportation corridor area have been discharged and any other contractual obligations of the high capacity transportation corridor area have either been discharged or assumed by another governmental entity.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 81.104.150 and 1992 c 101 s 26 are each amended to read as follows:
- 36 Cities that operate transit systems, county transportation 37 authorities, metropolitan municipal corporations, public transportation

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- benefit areas, high capacity transportation corridor areas, and 1 2 regional transit authorities may submit an authorizing proposition to the voters and if approved may impose an excise tax of up to two 3 dollars per month per employee on all employers located within the 4 5 ((agency's)) applicable jurisdiction, measured by the number of full-time equivalent employees, solely for the purpose of providing 6 7 high capacity transportation service. The rate of tax shall be approved by the voters. This tax may not be imposed by: (1) A transit 8 agency or high capacity transportation corridor area when the county 9 10 within which it is located is imposing an excise tax pursuant to RCW 81.100.030; or (2) a regional transit authority when any county within 11 12 the authority's boundaries is imposing an excise tax pursuant to RCW 13 81.100.030. The agency or high capacity transportation corridor area 14 imposing the tax authorized in this section may provide for exemptions from the tax to such educational, cultural, health, charitable, or 15 religious organizations as it deems appropriate. 16
- 17 **Sec. 4.** RCW 81.104.160 and 2003 c 1 s 6 are each amended to read 18 as follows:
- An agency and high capacity transportation corridor area may impose 19 20 a sales and use tax solely for the purpose of providing high capacity 21 transportation service, in addition to the tax authorized by RCW 82.14.030, upon retail car rentals within the ((agency's)) applicable 22 23 jurisdiction that are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 24 82.12 RCW. The rate of tax shall not exceed 2.172 percent. The base of the tax shall be the selling price in the case of a sales tax or the 25 26 rental value of the vehicle used in the case of a use tax.
- Any motor vehicle excise tax previously imposed under the provisions of RCW 81.104.160(1) shall be repealed, terminated and expire on December 5, 2002.
- 30 **Sec. 5.** RCW 81.104.170 and 1997 c 450 s 5 are each amended to read 31 as follows:
- Cities that operate transit systems, county transportation authorities, metropolitan municipal corporations, public transportation benefit areas, <u>high capacity transportation corridor areas</u>, and regional transit authorities may submit an authorizing proposition to the voters and if approved by a majority of persons voting, fix and

impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter, solely for the purpose of providing high transportation service. 3

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The tax authorized pursuant to this section shall be in addition to 4 the tax authorized by RCW 82.14.030 and shall be collected from those 5 persons who are taxable by the state pursuant to chapters 82.08 and 6 7 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the taxing district. The maximum rate of such tax shall be approved by the voters 8 and shall not exceed one percent of the selling price (in the case of 9 10 a sales tax) or value of the article used (in the case of a use tax). The maximum rate of such tax that may be imposed shall not exceed 11 12 nine-tenths of one percent in any county that imposes a tax under RCW 13 82.14.340, or within a regional transit authority if any county within 14 the authority imposes a tax under RCW 82.14.340. The exemptions in RCW 15 82.08.820 and 82.12.820 are for the state portion of the sales and use tax and do not extend to the tax authorized in this section. 16

Sec. 6. RCW 81.104.180 and 1992 c 101 s 29 are each amended to 17 read as follows: 18

Cities that operate transit systems, county transportation authorities, metropolitan municipal corporations, public transportation benefit areas, high capacity transportation corridor areas, and regional transit authorities are authorized to pledge revenues from the employer tax authorized by RCW 81.104.150, the ((special motor vehicle excise tax)) taxes authorized by RCW 81.104.160, and the sales and use tax authorized by RCW 81.104.170, to retire bonds issued solely for the purpose of providing high capacity transportation service.

Sec. 7. RCW 81.104.190 and 1992 c 101 s 30 are each amended to 27 read as follows: 28

Cities that operate transit systems, county transportation authorities, metropolitan municipal corporations, public transportation benefit areas, high capacity transportation corridor areas, and regional transit systems may contract with the state department of revenue or other appropriate entities for administration and collection of any tax authorized by RCW 81.104.150, 81.104.160, and 81.104.170.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 81.104 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) To carry out the purposes of this chapter, a high capacity transportation corridor area may issue general obligation bonds, not to exceed an amount, together with any other outstanding nonvoter-approved general obligation indebtedness, equal to one and one-half percent of the value of the taxable property within the area, as the term "value of the taxable property" is defined in RCW 39.36.015. A high capacity transportation corridor area may also issue general obligation bonds for capital purposes only, together with any outstanding general obligation indebtedness, not to exceed an amount equal to five percent of the value of the taxable property within the area, as the term "value of the taxable property" is defined in RCW 39.36.015, when authorized by the voters of the area pursuant to Article VIII, section 6 of the state Constitution.
- (2) General obligation bonds with a maturity in excess of twentyfive years shall not be issued. The governing body of the high capacity transportation corridor area shall by resolution determine for each general obligation bond issue the amount, date, terms, conditions, denominations, maximum fixed or variable interest rate or rates, maturity or maturities, redemption rights, registration privileges, manner of execution, manner of sale, callable provisions, if any, covenants, and form, including registration as to principal and interest, registration as to principal only, or bearer. Registration may include, but not be limited to: (a) A book entry system of recording the ownership of a bond whether or not physical bonds are issued; or (b) recording the ownership of a bond together with the requirement that the transfer of ownership may only be effected by the surrender of the old bond and either the reissuance of the old bond or the issuance of a new bond to the new owner. Facsimile signatures may be used on the bonds and any coupons. Refunding general obligation bonds may be issued in the same manner as general obligation bonds are issued.
- (3) Whenever general obligation bonds are issued to fund specific projects or enterprises that generate revenues, charges, user fees, or special assessments, the high capacity transportation corridor area may specifically pledge all or a portion of the revenues, charges, user

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- 1 fees, or special assessments to refund the general obligation bonds.
- 2 The high capacity transportation corridor area may also pledge any
- 3 other revenues that may be available to the area.

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(4) In addition to general obligation bonds, a high capacity transportation corridor area may issue revenue bonds to be issued and sold in accordance with chapter 39.46 RCW.

Passed by the Senate April 20, 2009. Passed by the House April 17, 2009. Approved by the Governor April 29, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 29, 2009.

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